

## ANNEX A TO REC 17-1R2

### PARAMETERS REQUIRED FOR DETERMINATION OF COORDINATION DISTANCE FOR A TRANSMITTING EARTH STATION

Transmitting space radiocommunication service designation		Earth exploration-satellite, Meteorological satellite	
Frequency band (MHz)		401-403	
Receiving terrestrial service designations		Fixed, Mobile, Meteorological Aids	
Method			
Modulation at terrestrial station <sup>1</sup>		A	N
Terrestrial station interference parameters and criteria	p <sub>0</sub> (%)	0.01	0.01
	n	2	2
	p (%)	0.005	0.005
	N <sub>L</sub> (dB)	0	0
	M <sub>s</sub> (dB)	33	33
	W (dB)	0	0
Terrestrial station parameters	G <sub>r</sub> (dB)	NA	NA
	ΔG (dB)	NA	NA
	T <sub>r</sub> (K)	NA	NA
Reference bandwidth	B (Hz)	4 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	10 <sup>6</sup>
Threshold interference level	P <sub>r</sub> (p) (dBW) in B	-131	-107

Notes to Annex A:

1 A: analogue modulation; N: digital modulation

## ANNEX B TO REC 17-1R2

### PARAMETERS REQUIRED FOR THE DETERMINATION OF COORDINATION DISTANCES FOR A RECEIVING STATION

Receiving space radiocommunication service designation	Meteoro-logical satellite	Meteoro-logical satellite Earth-Exploration Satellite	Meteoro-logical satellite (NGSO)	Meteoro-logical satellite (GSO)	Meteoro-logical satellite (GSO)	Meteoro-logical satellite (NGSO)	Earth exploration satellite	Earth exploration satellite
Frequency band (MHz)	400.15-401	460-470	1670-1710 <sup>1</sup>	1670-1710 <sup>1</sup>	7450-7550	7750-7850	8025-8400	25,500-27,000
Transmitting terrestrial service designations	Meteoro-logical Aids	Fixed, Mobile	Meteoro-logical Aids, Fixed, Mobile	Meteoro-logical Aids, Fixed, Mobile	Fixed, Mobile	Fixed, Mobile	Fixed, Mobile	Fixed, Mobile
Method								
Modulation at each station <sup>2</sup>	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	N
Earth station interference parameters and criteria	$p_o$ (%)	0.012	0.012	0.006	0.011	0.002	0.001	0.011
	$n$	1	1	3	2	2	2	2
	$p$ (%)	0.012	0.012	0.002	0.0055	0.001	0.0005	0.0055
	$N_L$ (dB)	0		0	0	-	-	0
	$M_s$ (dB)	4.3		2.8	0.9	-	-	4.7
Terrestrial station parameters	$W$ (dB)	0		0	0	-	-	0
	$E^3$ (dBW) in $B$	A		50	50	55	55	55
		N		37	37	42	42	42
	$P_r$ (dBW) in $B$	A		13	13	13	13	13
		N		0	0	0	0	0
Reference bandwidth	$DG$ (dB)			-5	-5	0	0	0
	$B$ (Hz)	1775x10 <sup>2</sup>	85	10 <sup>6</sup>	4x10 <sup>3</sup>	10 <sup>7</sup>	10 <sup>7</sup>	10 <sup>6</sup>
Threshold interference level	$P_r$ ( $p$ ) (dBW) in $B$	-148	-178	-142	-177	-125	-125	-142
Information Source		SA.1026-1		1-6/6 WP 7C	1-6/6 WP 7C	1-6/2 WP 7C F.758	1-6/6 WP 7C F.758	1-6/6 1-6/36 WP 7C

#### Notes to Annex B:

- In the band 1670-1700 MHz an additional contour for coordination with the meteorological aids service is required as proposed by IA/17:  
The coordination distance,  $d$  (km), for fixed earth stations in the meteorological-satellite service *vis-à-vis* stations in the meteorological aids service assumes a radiosonde altitude of 20 km and is determined as a function of the physical horizon elevation angle  $\theta$  (degrees) for each azimuth, as follows:

$$d = 582 \left( (1 + (0.254\theta)^2)^{0.5} - 0.254\theta \right) \quad \text{for } \theta > 0$$

$$d = 582 \quad \text{for } \theta \leq 0$$

The minimum and maximum coordination distances are  $(100 - f(\text{GHz})/2)$  km and 582 km, and occur at physical horizon angles greater than  $11^\circ$  and less than  $0^\circ$ .

- A: analogue modulation; N: digital modulation.
- $E$  is defined as the equivalent isotropically radiated power of the interfering terrestrial station in the reference bandwidth.

## ANNEX C TO REC 17-1R2

### PARAMETERS REQUIRED FOR THE DETERMINATION OF COORDINATION DISTANCE FOR A TRANSMITTING EARTH STATION IN BANDS SHARED BIDIRECTIONALLY WITH RECEIVING EARTH STATIONS

Service designation to space service in which the <i>transmitting</i> earth station operates		Mobile-satellite	Mobile-satellite	Fixed satellite
Frequency bands (MHz)		1675-1710	1675-1710	8025-8400
Service designation to space service in which the <i>receiving</i> earth station operates		Meteorological satellite	Meteorological satellite	Earth exploration satellite
Orbit <sup>1</sup>		Non-GSO	GSO	Non-GSO
Modulation at receiving earth station <sup>2</sup>		N	N	N
Receiving earth station interference parameters and criteria	$p_0$ (%)	0.006	0.011	0.011
	$n$	3	2	2
	$p$ (%)	0.002	0.0055	0.0055
	$N_L$ (dB)	0	0	0
	$M_s$ (dB)	2.8	0.9	4.7
	$W$ (dB)	0	0	0
Receiving earth station parameters	$G_r^3$ (dB)	30	45	
	Pattern <sup>4</sup>	ITU-R REC. S.465-5	ITU-R REC.S.465-5	
	$q_{min}^5$	5°	3°	
	$T_r^6$ (K)	370	118	
Reference bandwidth	$B$ (Hz)	10 <sup>6</sup>	4 x 10 <sup>3</sup>	10 <sup>6</sup>
Threshold interference level	$P_r(p)$ (dBW) in $B$	-142	-177	-142
Information source		1-6/6 WP 7C	1-6/6 WP 7C	1-6/6, 1-6/36 WP 7C

#### Notes to Annex C:

- 1 Orbit of the space service in which the receiving earth station operates (non-GSO or GSO).
- 2 N: digital modulation.
- 3 On-axis gain of the receive earth station antenna.
- 4 Antenna radiation pattern for the receive earth station (e.g. Appendix 1 to Annex 1 of ITU-R Recommendation IS.847-1).
- 5 Minimum elevation angle of operation in degrees (non-GSO or GSO).
- 6 The thermal noise temperature of the receiving system at the terminal of the receiving antenna (under clear-sky conditions).